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RC1602E-GHY-CSX

SPECIFICATION

CUSTOMER:

APPROVED BY	
PCB VERSION	
DATE	

FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY

SALES BY	APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY

ISSUED DATE:

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1. Revision History

DATE	VERSION	REVISED PAGE NO.	Note
2011-03-01	1		First issue
2012/11/30	2	12~16	Modify ST7066U IC information

2. General Specification

The Features is described as follow:

- Module dimension: 122.0 x 44.0 x 13.6 (max.) mm³
- View area: 99.0 x 24.0 mm²
- Active area: 94.84 x 20.0 mm²
- Number of Characters: 16 characters x 2 Lines
- Dot size: 0.92 x 1.1 mm²
- Dot pitch: 0.98 x 1.16 mm²
- Character size: 4.84 x 8.06 mm²
- Character pitch: 6.0 x 9.66 mm²
- LCD type: STN Positive, Gray Transflective,
- Duty: 1/16
- View direction: 6 o'clock
- Backlight Type: LED Yellow Green

3. Module Coding System

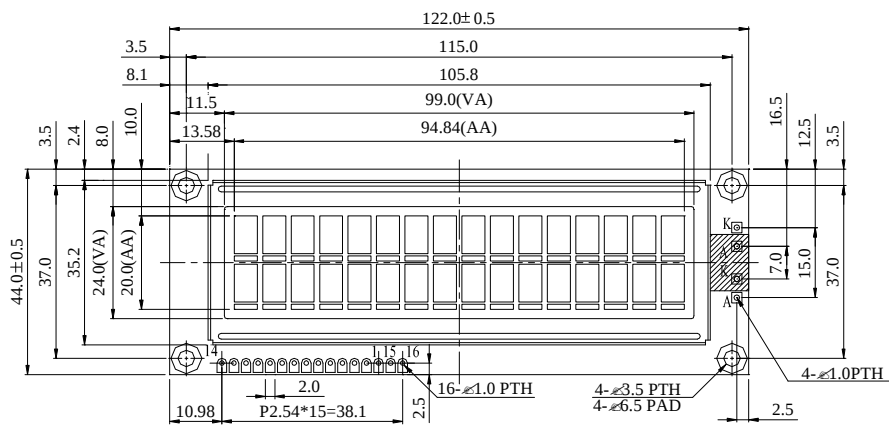
R	C	1602	E	-	G	H	Y	-	CSX
1	2	3	4	-	5	6	7	-	8

Item	Description	
1	R : Raystar Optronics Inc.	
2	Display	C : Character Type G : Graphic Type
3	Number of dots : Character 16 words, 2 Lines	
4	Serials code	
5	LCD	P : TN Positive, Gray N : TN Negative, G : STN Positive, Gray Y : STN Positive, Yellow Green B : STN Negative, Blue F : FSTN Positive T : FSTN Negative
6	Polarizer Type, Temperature range, View direction	A : Reflective, N.T, 6:00 K : Transflective, W.T,12:00 D : Reflective, N.T, 12:00 1 : Transflective, U.T,6:00 G : Reflective, W. T, 6:00 4 : Transflective, U.T.12:00 J : Reflective, W. T, 12:00 C : Transmissive, N.T,6:00 O : Reflective, U. T, 6:00 F : Transmissive, N.T,12:00 3 : Reflective, U. T, 12:00 I : Transmissive, W. T, 6:00 B : Transflective, N.T,6:00 L : Transmissive, W.T,12:00 E : Transflective, N.T.12:00 2 : Transmissive, U. T, 6:00 H:Transflective, W.T,6:00 5 : Transmissive, U.T,12:00
7	Backlight	N : Without backlight Y : LED, Yellow Green P : EL, Blue green A : LED, Amber T : EL, Green W : LED, White D : EL, White O : LED, Orange F : CCFL, White G : LED, Green
8	Special code	CS: English and Cyrillic standard font X: Without Negative Voltage

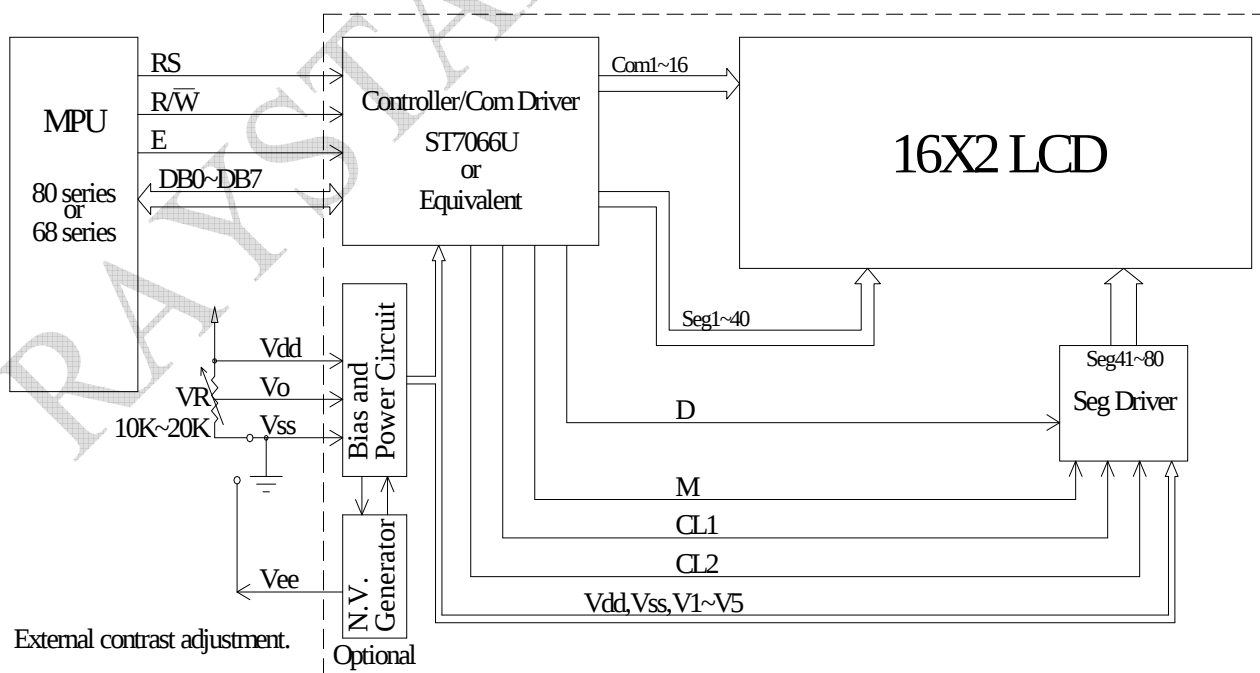
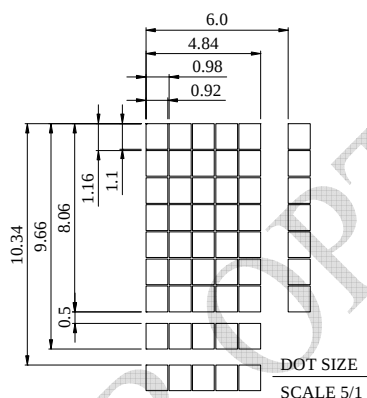
4. Interface Pin Function

Pin #	Symbol	Level	Description
1	V _{SS}	0V	Ground
2	V _{DD}	5.0V	Supply Voltage for logic
3	VO	(Variable)	Contrast Adjustment
4	RS	H/L	H: DATA, L: Instruction code
5	R/W	H/L	H: Read(MPU→Module) L: Write(MPU→Module)
6	E	H,H→L	Chip enable signal
7	DB0	H/L	Data bus line
8	DB1	H/L	Data bus line
9	DB2	H/L	Data bus line
10	DB3	H/L	Data bus line
11	DB4	H/L	Data bus line
12	DB5	H/L	Data bus line
13	DB6	H/L	Data bus line
14	DB7	H/L	Data bus line
15	A	—	Power supply for B/L(+)
16	K	—	Power supply for B/L(-)

5. Outline Dimension & Block Diagram



PIN NO.	SYMBOL
1	Vss
2	Vdd
3	Vo
4	RS
5	R/W
6	E
7	DB0
8	DB1
9	DB2
10	DB3
11	DB4
12	DB5
13	DB6
14	DB7
15	A
16	K



6. Function Description

The LCD display Module is built in a LSI controller, the controller has two 8-bit registers, an instruction register (IR) and a data register (DR).

The IR stores instruction codes, such as display clear and cursor shift, and address information for display data RAM (DDRAM) and character generator (CGRAM). The IR can only be written from the MPU. The DR temporarily stores data to be written or read from DDRAM or CGRAM. When address information is written into the IR, then data is stored into the DR from DDRAM or CGRAM. By the register selector (RS) signal, these two registers can be selected.

RS	R/W	Operation
0	0	IR write as an internal operation (display clear, etc.)
0	1	Read busy flag (DB7) and address counter (DB0 to DB7)
1	0	Write data to DDRAM or CGRAM (DR to DDRAM or CGRAM)
1	1	Read data from DDRAM or CGRAM (DDRAM or CGRAM to DR)

Busy Flag (BF)

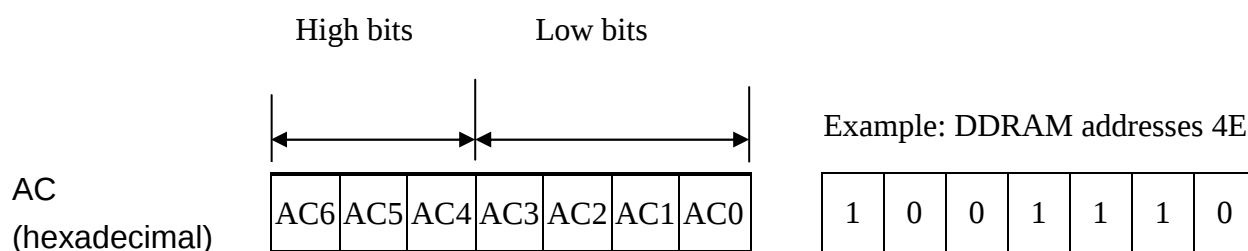
When the busy flag is 1, the controller LSI is in the internal operation mode, and the next instruction will not be accepted. When RS=0 and R/W=1, the busy flag is output to DB7. The next instruction must be written after ensuring that the busy flag is 0.

Address Counter (AC)

The address counter (AC) assigns addresses to both DDRAM and CGRAM.

Display Data RAM (DDRAM)

This DDRAM is used to store the display data represented in 8-bit character codes. Its extended capacity is 80×8 bits or 80 characters. Below figure is the relationships between DDRAM addresses and positions on the liquid crystal display.



Display position DDRAM address

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	4A	4B	4C	4D	4E	4F

2-Line by 16-Character Display

Character Generator ROM (CGROM)

The CGROM generate 5×8 dot or 5×10 dot character patterns from 8-bit character codes. See Table 2.

Character Generator RAM (CGRAM)

In CGRAM, the user can rewrite character by program. For 5×8 dots, eight character patterns can be written, and for 5×10 dots, four character patterns can be written.

Write into DDRAM the character code at the addresses shown as the left column of table 1. To show the character patterns stored in CGRAM.

Table 1.

Character Codes (DDRAM data)		CGRAM Address		Character Patterns (CGRAM data)
7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0		5 4 3 2 1 0		7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
High Low		High Low		High Low
0 0 0 0 * 0 0 0		0 0 0		* * * 0 0 0 0
		0 0 0		* * * 0 0 0 0
		0 1 0		* * * 0 0 0 0
		0 1 1		* * * 0 0 0 0
		1 0 0		* * * 0 0 0 0
		1 0 1		* * * 0 0 0 0
		1 1 0		* * * 0 0 0 0
		1 1 1		* * * 0 0 0 0
		0 0 0		* * * 0 0 0 0
		0 0 1		* * * 0 0 0 0
		0 1 0		* * * 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 * 0 0 1		0 0 1		* * * 0 0 0 0
		1 0 0		* * * 0 0 0 0
		1 0 1		* * * 0 0 0 0
		1 1 0		* * * 0 0 0 0
		1 1 1		* * * 0 0 0 0
		0 0 0		* * *
		0 0 1		↑

Cursor pattern

0	0	0	0	*	1	1	1										
								1	1	1	1	0	0				
											1	0	1				
											1	1	0				
											1	1	1	*	*	*	

[illegible]

Cursor pattern

■ : " H i g h "

7. Character Generator ROM Pattern

Table.2

Upper 4 bit Lower 4 bit	LLLL	LLLH	LLHL	LLHH	LHLL	LHLH	LHHL	LHHH	HLLL	HLLH	HLHL	HLHH	HHLL	HHLH	HHHL	HHHH
LLLL	CG RAM (1)			0	1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	A
LLLH	CG RAM (2)		.	1	2	3	4	5			6	7	8	9	0	A
LLHL	CG RAM (3)		"	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9	0	1	2
LLHH	CG RAM (4)		*	3	4	5	6	7			8	9	0	1	2	3
LHLL	CG RAM (5)		\$	4	5	6	7	8			9	0	1	2	3	4
LHLH	CG RAM (6)		%	5	6	7	8	9			0	1	2	3	4	5
LHHL	CG RAM (7)		&	6	7	8	9	0			1	2	3	4	5	6
LHHH	CG RAM (8)		'	7	8	9	0	1			2	3	4	5	6	7
HLLL	CG RAM (1)		(	8	9	0	1	2			3	4	5	6	7	8
HLLH	CG RAM (2)		)	9	0	1	2	3			4	5	6	7	8	9
HLHL	CG RAM (3)		*	0	1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	0
HLHH	CG RAM (4)		+	1	2	3	4	5			6	7	8	9	0	1
HHLL	CG RAM (5)		.	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9	0	1	2
HHLH	CG RAM (6)		-	3	4	5	6	7			8	9	0	1	2	3
HHHL	CG RAM (7)		=	4	5	6	7	8			9	0	1	2	3	4
HHHH	CG RAM (8)		/	5	6	7	8	9			0	1	2	3	4	5

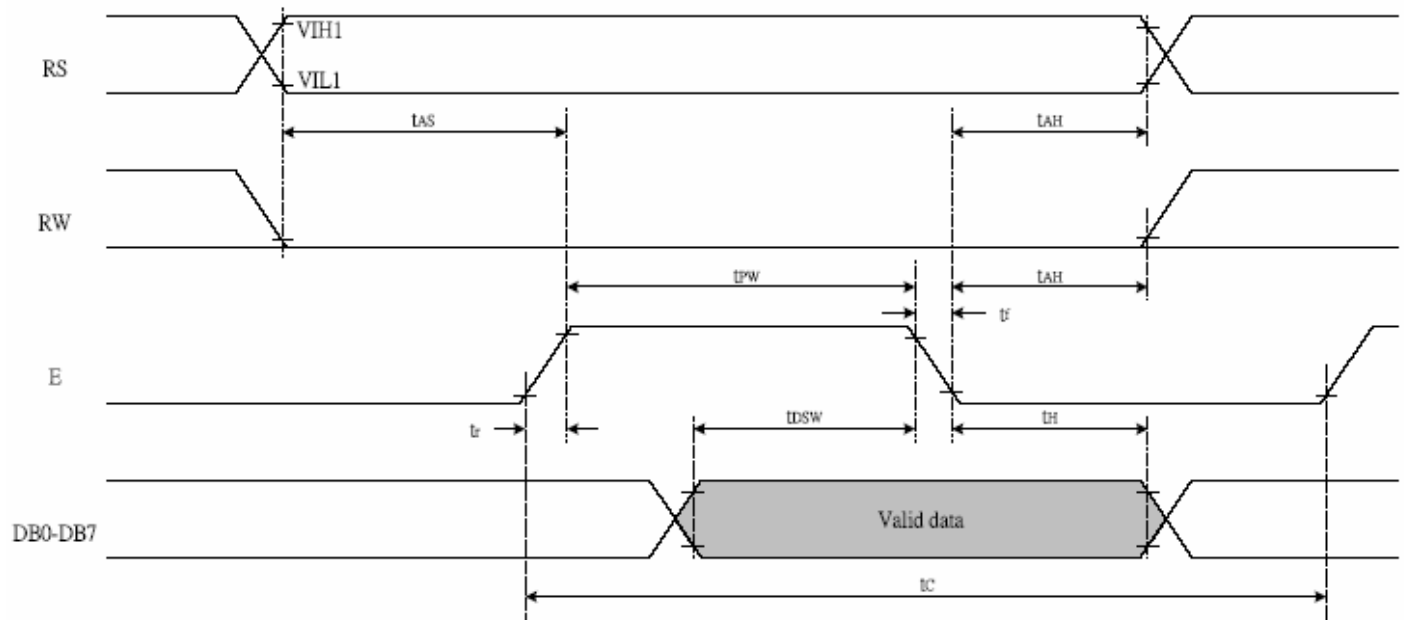
8. Instruction Table

Instruction	Instruction Code										Description	Execution time (fosc=270Khz)
	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Write "20H" to DDRAM. and set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC	1.52ms
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	Set DDRAM address to "00H" from AC and return cursor to its original position if shifted. The contents of DDRAM are not changed.	1.52ms
Entry Mode Set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	SH	Sets cursor move direction and specifies display shift. These operations are performed during data write and read.	37μs
Display ON/OFF Control	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	C	B	D=1:entire display on C=1:cursor on B=1:cursor position on	37μs
Cursor or Display Shift	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	—	—	Set cursor moving and display shift control bit, and the direction, without changing DDRAM data.	37μs
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	DL	N	F	—	—	DL:interface data is 8/4 bits N:number of line is 2/1 F:font size is 5x11/5x8	37μs
Set CGRAM Address	0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set CGRAM address in address counter	37μs
Set DDRAM Address	0	0	1	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set DDRAM address in address counter	37μs
Read Busy Flag and Address	0	1	BF	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Whether during internal operation or not can be known by reading BF. The contents of address counter can also be read.	0μs
Write Data to RAM	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Write data into internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM)	37μs
Read Data from RAM	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM/CGRAM)	37μs

* "—" : don't care

9. Timing Characteristics

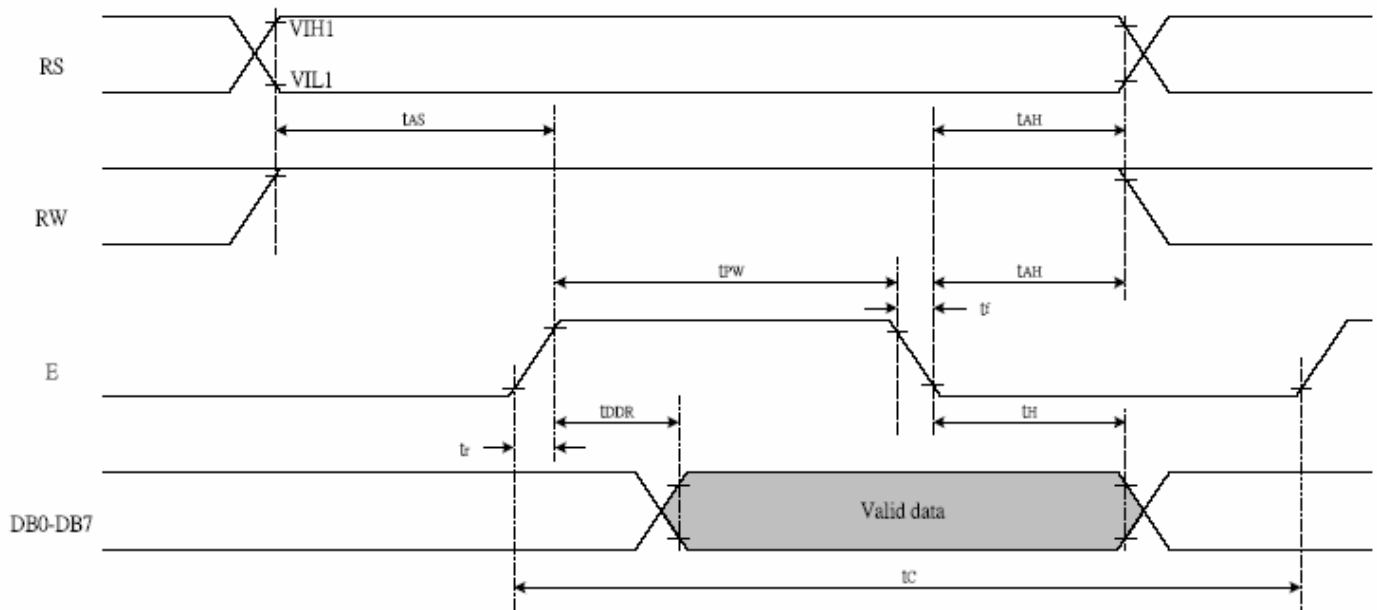
9.1 Writing data from MPU to ST7066U



$T_a = -30 \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0 \pm 0.5\text{V}$

TC	Enable Cycle Time	Pin E	1200	-	-	ns
TPW	Enable Pulse Width	Pin E	140	-	-	ns
TR,TF	Enable Rise/Fall Time	Pin E	-	-	25	ns
TAS	Address Setup Time	Pins: RS,RW,E	0	-	-	ns
TAH	Address Hold Time	Pins: RS,RW,E	10	-	-	ns
TDSW	Data Setup Time	Pins: DB0 - DB7	40	-	-	ns
TH	Data Hold Time	Pins: DB0 - DB7	10	-	-	ns

9.2 Reading data from ST7066U to MPU

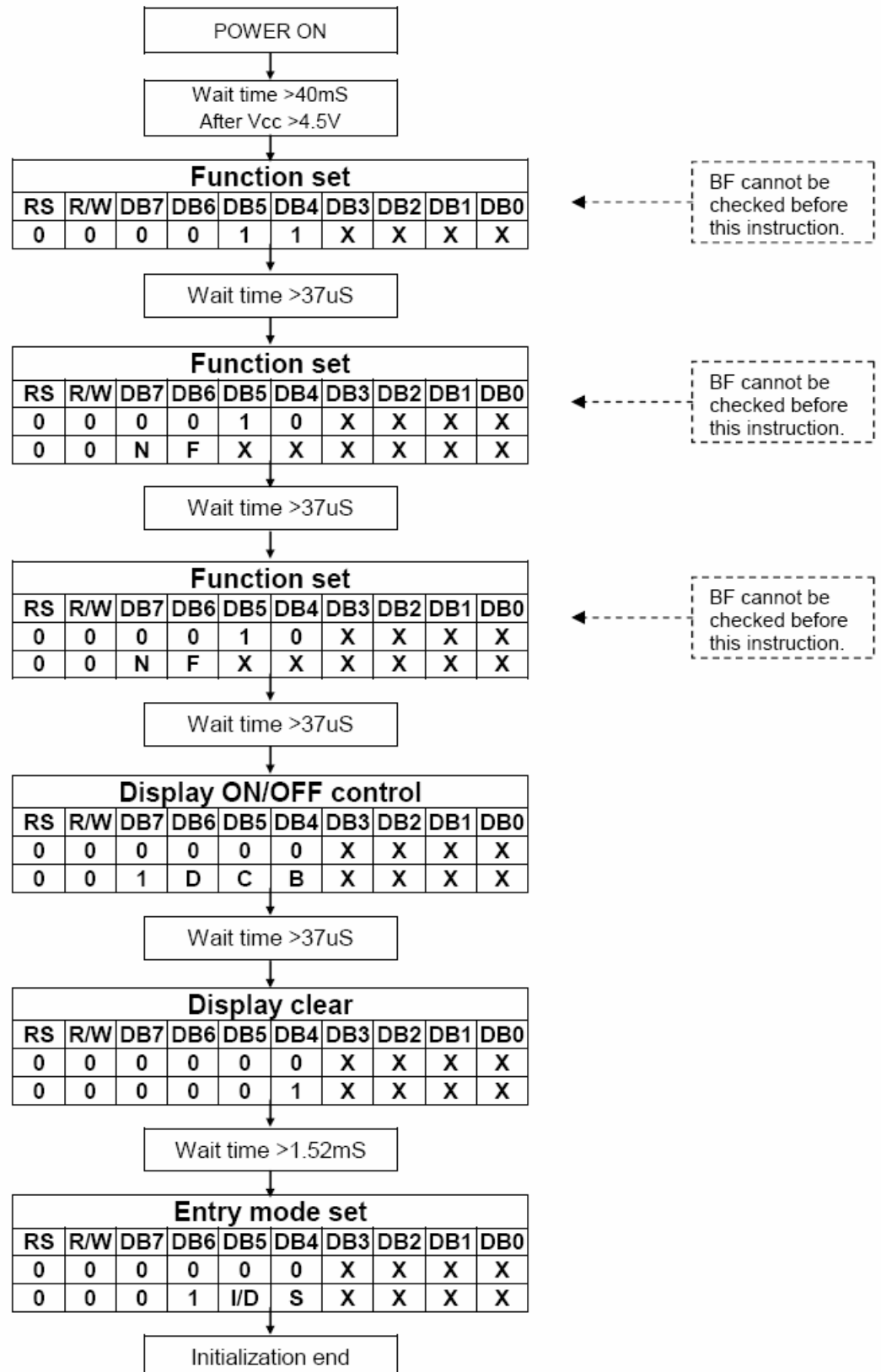


Ta=-30~+85℃, VDD=5.0±0.5V

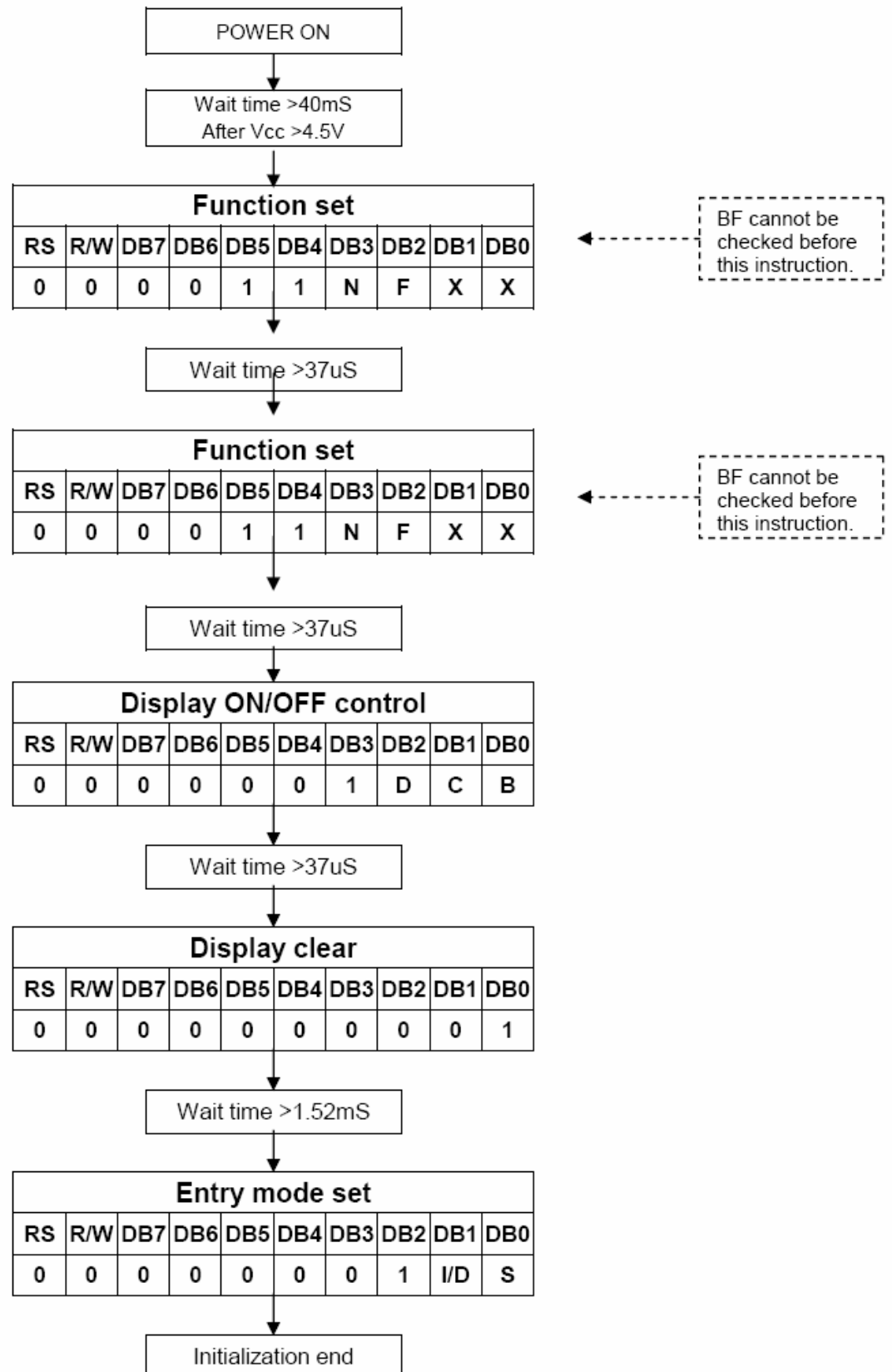
Read Mode (Reading Data from ST7066U to MPU)						
TC	Enable Cycle Time	Pin E	1200	-	-	ns
TPW	Enable Pulse Width	Pin E	140	-	-	ns
TR,TF	Enable Rise/Fall Time	Pin E	-	-	25	ns
TAS	Address Setup Time	Pins: RS,RW,E	0	-	-	ns
TAH	Address Hold Time	Pins: RS,RW,E	10	-	-	ns
TDDR	Data Setup Time	Pins: DB0 - DB7	-	-	100	ns
TH	Data Hold Time	Pins: DB0 - DB7	10	-	-	ns

10. Initializing of LCM

- 4-bit Interface (fosc=270KHz)



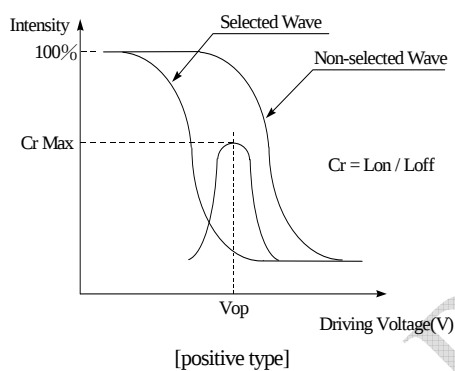
● 8-bit Interface (fosc=270KHz)



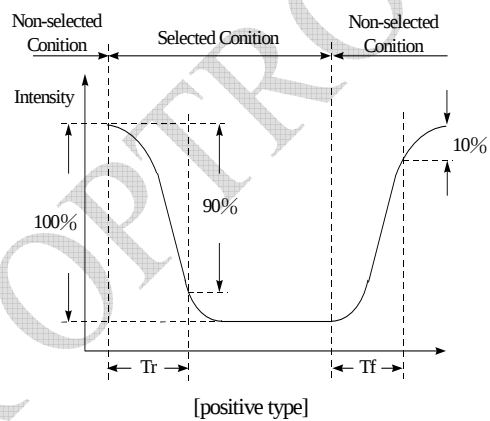
11. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V) θ	$CR \geq 2$	20	—	40	deg
	(H) ϕ	$CR \geq 2$	-30	—	30	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	—	—	3	—	—
Response Time	T rise	—	—	150	200	ms
	T fall	—	—	150	200	ms

Definition of Operation Voltage (Vop)



Definition of Response Time (Tr, Tf)



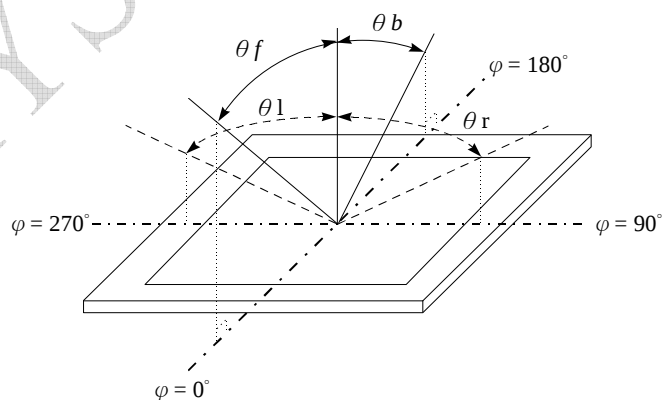
Conditions :

Operating Voltage : Vop

Viewing Angle(θ , ϕ) : 0° , 0°

Frame Frequency : 64 HZ Driving Waveform : 1/N duty, 1/a bias

Definition of viewing angle($CR \geq 2$)



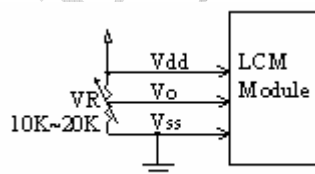
12. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	-20	—	+70	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-30	—	+80	°C
Input Voltage	V_I	V_{SS}	—	V_{DD}	V
Supply Voltage For Logic	$V_{DD}-V_{SS}$	-0.3	—	7	V
Supply Voltage For LCD	$V_{DD}-V_0$	-0.3	—	5.5	V

13. Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage For Logic	$V_{DD}-V_{SS}$	—	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Supply Voltage For LCD *Note	$V_{DD}-V_0$	$T_a=-20^{\circ}\text{C}$	—	—	5.2	V
		$T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	—	4.2	—	V
		$T_a=70^{\circ}\text{C}$	3.2	—	—	V
Input High Volt.	V_{IH}	—	0.7VDD	—	V_{DD}	V
Input Low Volt.	V_{IL}	—	VSS	—	0.6	V
Output High Volt.	V_{OH}	—	3.9	—	—	V
Output Low Volt.	V_{OL}	—	—	—	0.4	V
Supply Current	I_{DD}	$V_{DD}=5\text{V}$	—	1.5	—	mA

* Note: Please design the VOP adjustment circuit on customer's main board



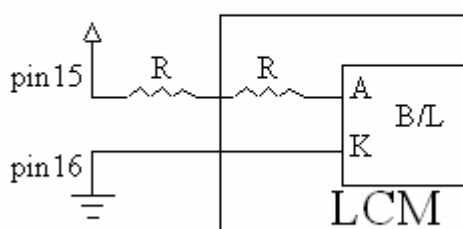
14. Backlight Information

Specification

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
Supply Current	I _{LED}	252	280	336	mA	V=4.2V
Supply Voltage	V	4.0	4.2	4.4	V	—
Reverse Voltage	V _R	—	—	8	V	—
Luminous Intensity	I _V	200	250	—	CD/M ²	I _{LED} =280mA
Wave Length	λ _p	568	570	574	nm	I _{LED} =280mA
Life Time	—	—	100000	—	Hr.	I _{LED} ≤ 280mA
Color	Yellow Green					

Note: The LED of B/L is drive by current only, drive voltage is for reference only. drive voltage can make driving current under safety area (current between minimum and maximum).

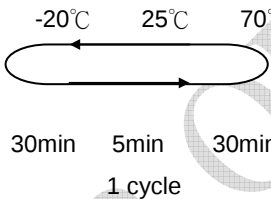
2. Drive from pin15, pin16



(Will never get V_{ee} output from pin15)

15. Reliability

Content of Reliability Test (wide temperature, -20℃~70℃)

Environmental Test			
Test Item	Content of Test	Condition	Note
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80℃ 200hrs	2
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-30℃ 200hrs	1,2
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	70℃ 200hrs	-
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-20℃ 200hrs	1
High Temperature/ Humidity Operation	The module should be allowed to stand at 60℃,90%RH max For 96hrs under no-load condition excluding the polarizer, Then taking it out and drying it at normal temperature.	60℃,90%RH 96hrs	1,2
Thermal shock resistance	The sample should be allowed stand the following 10 cycles of operation 	-20℃/70℃ 10 cycles	-
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	fixed amplitude: 15mm Vibration. Frequency: 10~55Hz. One cycle 60 seconds to 3 directions of X,Y,Z for Each 15 minutes	3
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal.	VS=800V,RS= 1.5kΩ CS=100pF 1 time	—

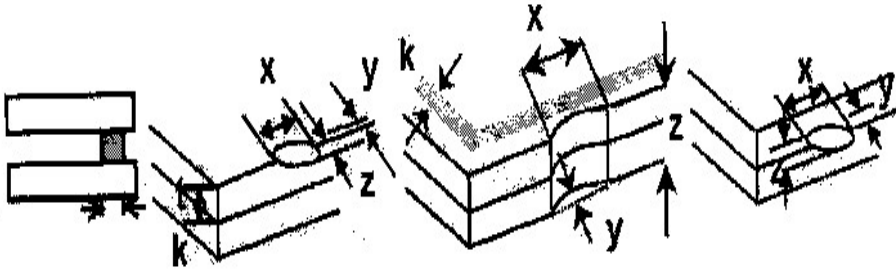
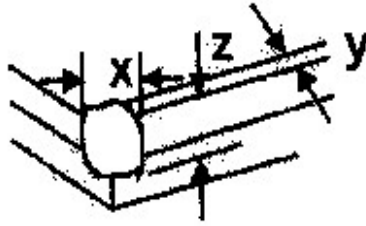
Note1: No dew condensation to be observed.

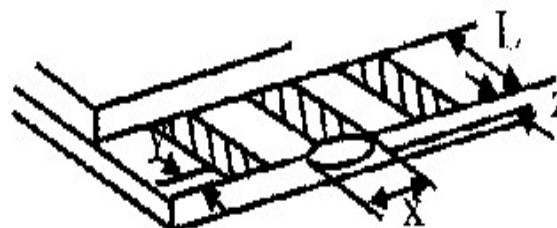
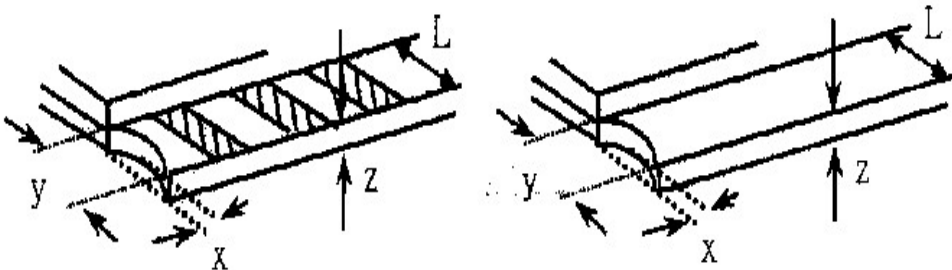
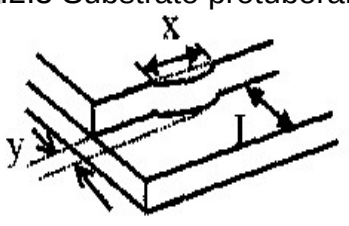
Note2: The function test shall be conducted after 4 hours storage at the normal temperature and humidity after remove from the test chamber.

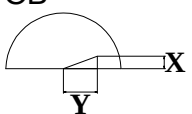
Note3: The packing have to including into the vibration testing.

16. Inspection specification

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL												
01	Electrical Testing	1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 LCD viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect.	0.65												
02	Black or white spots on LCD (display only)	2.1 White and black spots on display $\leq 0.25\text{mm}$, no more than three white or black spots present. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm	2.5												
03	LCD black spots, white spots, contamination (non-display)	3.1 Round type : As following drawing $\Phi = (x + y) / 2$	2.5												
		3.2 Line type : (As following drawing)  <table><tr><th>Length</th><th>Width</th><th>Acceptable QTY</th></tr><tr><td>---</td><td>$W \leq 0.02$</td><td>Accept no dense</td></tr><tr><td>$L \leq 3.0$</td><td>$0.02 < W \leq 0.03$</td><td rowspan="2">2</td></tr><tr><td>$L \leq 2.5$</td><td>$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$</td></tr><tr><td>---</td><td>$0.05 < W$</td><td>As round type</td></tr></table>	Length	Width	Acceptable QTY	---	$W \leq 0.02$	Accept no dense	$L \leq 3.0$	$0.02 < W \leq 0.03$	2	$L \leq 2.5$	$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$	---	$0.05 < W$
Length	Width	Acceptable QTY													
---	$W \leq 0.02$	Accept no dense													
$L \leq 3.0$	$0.02 < W \leq 0.03$	2													
$L \leq 2.5$	$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$														
---	$0.05 < W$	As round type													
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction. <table><tr><th>Size Φ</th><th>Acceptable QTY</th></tr><tr><td>$\Phi \leq 0.20$</td><td>Accept no dense</td></tr><tr><td>$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>$0.50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>$1.00 < \Phi$</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>Total QTY</td><td>3</td></tr></table>	Size Φ	Acceptable QTY	$\Phi \leq 0.20$	Accept no dense	$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$	3	$0.50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$	2	$1.00 < \Phi$	0	Total QTY	3	2.5
Size Φ	Acceptable QTY														
$\Phi \leq 0.20$	Accept no dense														
$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$	3														
$0.50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$	2														
$1.00 < \Phi$	0														
Total QTY	3														

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL																		
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 LCD black spots, white spots, contamination																			
06	Chipped glass	Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: LCD side length L: Electrode pad length: 6.1 General glass chip : 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels:  <table><tr><td>z: Chip thickness</td><td>y: Chip width</td><td>x: Chip length</td></tr><tr><td>$Z \leq 1/2t$</td><td>Not over viewing area</td><td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td></tr><tr><td>$1/2t < z \leq 2t$</td><td>Not exceed $1/3k$</td><td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td></tr></table> ⊙If there are 2 or more chips, x is total length of each chip. 6.1.2 Corner crack:  <table><tr><td>z: Chip thickness</td><td>y: Chip width</td><td>x: Chip length</td></tr><tr><td>$Z \leq 1/2t$</td><td>Not over viewing area</td><td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td></tr><tr><td>$1/2t < z \leq 2t$</td><td>Not exceed $1/3k$</td><td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td></tr></table> ⊙If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.	z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	$Z \leq 1/2t$	Not over viewing area	$x \leq 1/8a$	$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed $1/3k$	$x \leq 1/8a$	z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	$Z \leq 1/2t$	Not over viewing area	$x \leq 1/8a$	$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed $1/3k$	$x \leq 1/8a$	2.5
		z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length																	
$Z \leq 1/2t$	Not over viewing area	$x \leq 1/8a$																			
$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed $1/3k$	$x \leq 1/8a$																			
z: Chip thickness	y: Chip width	x: Chip length																			
$Z \leq 1/2t$	Not over viewing area	$x \leq 1/8a$																			
$1/2t < z \leq 2t$	Not exceed $1/3k$	$x \leq 1/8a$																			

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL																
06	Glass crack	Symbols : x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: LCD side length L: Electrode pad length 6.2 Protrusion over terminal : 6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad :  <table> <tr> <td>y: Chip width</td> <td>x: Chip length</td> <td>z: Chip thickness</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$y \leq 0.5\text{mm}$</td> <td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td> <td>$0 < z \leq t$</td> </tr> </table> 6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:  <table> <tr> <td>y: Chip width</td> <td>x: Chip length</td> <td>z: Chip thickness</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$y \leq L$</td> <td>$x \leq 1/8a$</td> <td>$0 < z \leq t$</td> </tr> </table> ⊙ If the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal specifications. ⊙ If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment mark not be damaged. 6.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack.  <table> <tr> <td>y: width</td> <td>x: length</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$y \leq 1/3L$</td> <td>$x \leq a$</td> </tr> </table>	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	z: Chip thickness	$y \leq 0.5\text{mm}$	$x \leq 1/8a$	$0 < z \leq t$	y: Chip width	x: Chip length	z: Chip thickness	$y \leq L$	$x \leq 1/8a$	$0 < z \leq t$	y: width	x: length	$y \leq 1/3L$	$x \leq a$	2.5
		y: Chip width	x: Chip length	z: Chip thickness															
		$y \leq 0.5\text{mm}$	$x \leq 1/8a$	$0 < z \leq t$															
		y: Chip width	x: Chip length	z: Chip thickness															
$y \leq L$	$x \leq 1/8a$	$0 < z \leq t$																	
y: width	x: length																		
$y \leq 1/3L$	$x \leq a$																		

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The LCD with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5
08	Backlight elements	8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using LCD spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.	0.65 2.5 0.65
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination. 9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	2.5 0.65
10	PCB、COB	10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination. 10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places. 10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals. 10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, LED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down. 10.9 The Scraping testing standard for Copper Coating of PCB  $X * Y \leq 2\text{mm}^2$	2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 2.5 2.5
11	Soldering	11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
12	General appearance	12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.	2.5
		12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.	0.65
		12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.	2.5
		12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.	2.5
		12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it causes the interface pin to sever.	2.5
		12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.	2.5
		12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.	0.65
		12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.	0.65
		12.9 LCD pin loose or missing pins.	0.65
		12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet.	0.65
		12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.	0.65

17. Precautions in use of LCD Modules

1. Avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
2. Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of LCD module.
3. Don't disassemble the LCM.
4. Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
5. Don't drop, bend or twist LCM.
6. Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
7. Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
8. Raystar have the right to change the passive components
(Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
9. Raystar have the right to change the PCB Rev.

18. Material List of Components for RoHs

- RAYSTAR Optronics Co., Ltd. hereby declares that all of or part of products, including, but not limited to, the LCM, accessories or packages, manufactured and/or delivered to your company (including your subsidiaries and affiliated company) directly or indirectly by our company (including our subsidiaries or affiliated companies) do not intentionally contain any of the substances listed in all applicable EU directives and regulations, including the following substances.

Exhibit A : The Harmful Material List

Material	(Cd)	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cr6+)	PBBs	PBDEs
Limited Value	100 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm
Above limited value is set up according to RoHS.						

- Process for RoHS requirement :

- (1) Use the Sn/Ag/Cu soldering surface ; the surface of Pb-free solder is rougher than we used before.
- (2) Heat-resistance temp. :
Reflow : 250°C , 30 seconds Max. ;
Connector soldering wave or hand soldering : 320°C , 10 seconds max.
- (3) Temp. curve of reflow, max. Temp. : 235±5°C ;
Recommended customer's soldering temp. of connector : 280°C , 3 seconds.

19. Recommendable storage

- Place the panel or module in the temperature 25°C±5°C and the humidity below 65% RH
- Do not place the module near organics solvents or corrosive gases.
- Do not crush, shake, or jolt the module

LCM Sample Estimate Feedback Sheet

Module Number : _____

1、Panel Specification :

1. Panel Type :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
2. View Direction :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
3. Numbers of Dots :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
4. View Area :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
5. Active Area :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
6. Operating Temperature :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
7. Storage Temperature :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
8. Others :	_____	

2、Mechanical Specification :

1. PCB Size :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
2. Frame Size :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
3. Material of Frame :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
4. Connector Position :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
5. Fix Hole Position :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
6. Backlight Position :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
7. Thickness of PCB :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
8. Height of Frame to PCB :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
9. Height of Module :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
10. Others :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____

3、Relative Hole Size :

1. Pitch of Connector :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
2. Hole size of Connector :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
3. Mounting Hole size :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
4. Mounting Hole Type :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
5. Others :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____

4、Backlight Specification :

1. B/L Type :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
2. B/L Color :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
3. B/L Driving Voltage (Reference for LED Type) :	☐ Pass ☐ NG , _____	
4. B/L Driving Current :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
5. Brightness of B/L :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
6. B/L Solder Method :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
7. Others :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____

>> Go to page 2 <<

Module Number : _____

5 、 Electronic Characteristics of Module :

1.Input Voltage :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
2.Supply Current :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
3.Driving Voltage for LCD :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
4.Contrast for LCD :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
5.B/L Driving Method :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
6.Negative Voltage Output :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
7.Interface Function :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
8.LCD Uniformity :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
9.ESD test :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____
10.Others :	☐ Pass	☐ NG , _____

6 、 Summary :
Sales signature : _____

Customer Signature : _____

Date : / /